## St John Bosco RC Primary School

### With Jesus in our hearts, we love, pray, learn and play.

#### Geography Long Term Plan, Progression and Coverage January 2024

Geography learning at St John Bosco is based on the following substantive concepts: locational knowledge; place knowledge, human and physical geography and geographical skills and fieldwork.

Geography draws on prior learning wherever the content is taught. For example, in the EYFS, pupils may learn about People, Culture and Communities or The Natural World through daily activities and exploring their locality and immediate environment. Pupils in EYFS explore globes and world locations, making links to where animals live. These experiences are drawn upon and used to position new learning in KS1. Our Geography curriculum uses the CUSP scheme of work as a base but is adapted to suit the unique identity of our school.

Geography is planned so that the retention of knowledge is much more than just 'in the moment knowledge'. The cumulative nature of the curriculum is made memorable by use of Socrative Quizzes and Kagan Strategies in our classrooms. That means the foundational knowledge of the curriculum is positioned to ease the load on the working memory: new content is connected to prior learning. The effect of this cumulative model supports opportunities for children to associate and connect with places, spaces, scale, people, culture and processes.

The sequence of learning enables children to develop a sense of place, scale and an understanding of human and physical geographical features. Map skills are taught from Y1 onwards as they are essential to support children in developing an understanding of how to explain and describe a place, the people who live there, its space and scale.

We teach the children to "Think Geographically," via the following concepts: place and space; scale and connection (relationship and interdependence); physical and human geography; environment and sustainability and culture and diversity (uniqueness).

It is our intention that pupils become a little more expert as they progress through the curriculum, accumulating and connecting substantive and disciplinary geographical knowledge.

Specific and associated geographical vocabulary is taught sequentially and cumulatively from Y1 to Y6. High frequency, multiple meaning words (Tier 2) are taught alongside and help make sense of subject specific words (Tier 3).



#### Early Years Foundation Stage – Key Stage 1

	ELG	Key Vocabulary to be	Examples of how this	Examples of how this is	Geography KS1 National Curriculum
	People, Culture and Communities	developed in EYFS	is achieved in Nursery	achieved in EYFS	
Specific Area of Learning Understanding the World	<ul> <li>People, Culture and Communities</li> <li>ELG:         <ul> <li>Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observations, discussions, stories, non- fiction texts and maps.</li> <li>Explain some similarities, differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non- fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps.</li> </ul> </li> <li>ELG The Natural World</li> <li>Exploring the Natural World around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.</li> <li>Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them, and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read to them in class.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Geographer</li> <li>World</li> <li>Ocean</li> <li>Country</li> <li>City</li> <li>Town</li> <li>Village</li> <li>Place</li> <li>Map</li> <li>Season</li> <li>Weather</li> <li>Forest</li> <li>Beach</li> <li>Mountain</li> <li>Planet</li> <li>Space</li> <li>Earth</li> </ul> Linked to <ul> <li>communication and</li> <li>language pupils will:</li> <li>Ask questions to find</li> <li>out more and to check</li> <li>they understand what</li> <li>has been said to them.</li> <li>Describe events in</li> <li>some detail.</li> <li>Use new vocabulary in</li> <li>different contexts.</li> <li>Engage in non-fiction</li> <li>books</li> <li>Listen to and talk</li> <li>about selected non-fiction to develop a</li> <li>deep familiarity with</li> <li>new knowledge</li> <li>and vocabulary</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Become familiar with the local environment</li> <li>Explore school grounds – wildlife and spinney</li> <li>Know about extended family</li> <li>EAL – knowing about family members in other places</li> <li>Explore traditions and Christmas</li> <li>Know about farms and animals</li> <li>Exploring world through texts such 'We're going on a bear hunt'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>achieved in EYFS</li> <li>Looking at where we live and talking about features we see on the way to school, (Shops, roads, parks, etc)</li> <li>Exploring the school grounds to look at features of the environment.</li> <li>Discussing where extended family members live on a map, including our EAL families place of birth.</li> <li>Exploring Christmas traditions from around the world.</li> <li>Features of cities, man- made vs natural (Naughty Bus link)</li> <li>Learning London is the capital city</li> <li>Learning about Amelia Earhart – Oceans she flew across. Locating land and sea on maps,</li> <li>Black History</li> <li>Naming features of the world around us (farms, beach, woodland etc)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Locational knowledge <ul> <li>Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans.</li> <li>Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Place knowledge <ul> <li>Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Human and physical geography <ul> <li>Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: <ul> <li>Key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather.</li> <li>Key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Geographical skills and fieldwork – Use of maps, atlases, and globes. Use directional language to describe locations.</li> </ul>

## Progression from Year 1 to Year 6

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y1 Unit 1	LOCATIONAL KNOWLEDGE   Location	ELG: People, Culture and Communities Describe their immediate environment using knowledge	<b>Continents:</b> What are the 7 continents of the world?	vast azure	ocean continent
Continents, Oceans, UK countries,	Order Connection	fromobservations, discussions, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.	<b>Oceans:</b> What are the 5 oceans of the world?	rotated	polar
capital cities and surrounding seas		Explain some similarities, differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps.	<b>Remember:</b> What are the 7 continents and 5 oceans of the world?	expanse	atlas
		ELG: The Natural World	<b>Countries:</b> What are the four countries of the United Kingdom?		
		Exploring the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.	<b>Capital Cities:</b> What are the capital cities of the four kingdoms of the UK?		
		Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them, and contrasting environments, drawing ontheir experiences and what has been read to them in class.	Seas: What seas surround the UK?		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y1	LOCATIONAL	Y1:	Continents and Oceans:		
Unit 2	KNOWLEDGE	Introduce UK countries, capital	Remember – name and find the 7 continents and 5 oceans of the world	location	continent
	Location	cities,continents		moist	ocean
Continents,	Order Connection	and oceans	Hot and cold places:		
Oceans, UK	Connection	and oceans	Where is the equator?	misty	polar
countries,			Where is hot and whare is cold on the Earth?		
capital cities		Y1: Revisit		scorched	equator
and		Revisit	Where are the North and South Poles? What		
surrounding		countries,	are they like?	freezing	temperature
seas		capital			
		cities, continents and oceans.	Where can I find hot countries? What are they like?	tropical	compass
			What I know about hot and cold places:		
			Summary – where are hot and cold places of the world?		
			Continuous Learning:		
			Record the weatherusing a daily		
			dashboard:		
			Day		
			Month		
			• Year		
			<ul><li>Weather symbols</li></ul>		
			<ul> <li>Temperature symbols</li> </ul>		
			vocabulary to describe the		

			weather on sentence strips e.g. Today is bright and sunny/today is wet and gloomy		
Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y1 Unit 3 Fieldwork and mapping	GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS AND FIELDWORK   Location Environment Patterns	Y1: Introduce UK countries, capital cities,continents and oceans Y1: Revisit Revisit countries, capital cities, continents and oceans.	<ul> <li>Continents and Oceans: Remember – name and find the 7 continents and 5 oceans of the world</li> <li>Hot and cold places: Where is the equator? Where is hot and whare is cold on the Earth?</li> <li>Where are the North and South Poles? What are they like?</li> <li>Where can I find hot countries? What are they like?</li> <li>What I know about hot and cold places: Summary – where are hot and cold places of the world?</li> <li>Continuous Learning: Record the weatherusing a daily dashboard: <ul> <li>Day</li> <li>Month</li> <li>Year</li> <li>Weather symbols</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	location moist misty scorched freezing tropical	continent ocean polar equator temperature compass

	<ul> <li>Temperature symbols</li> <li>Use tier 2 elaborative vocabulary to describe the weather on sentence strips e.g. Today is bright and sunny/today is wet and gloomy.</li> </ul>		
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Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y2	<u>HUMAN</u> AND PHYSICAL	EYFS:	Human Features:	increase	aerial
Unit 1	GEOGRAPHY   Location, Order	People, Culture and Communities	What are human features? Physical Features:	decrease	scale
Local Area	Environment, Culture		What are physical features?	align	cardinal point
Study Human and Physical	Time, Pattern HUMAN AND PHYSICAL	EYFS: The Natural World	<b>Local Area:</b> What features does our local area have?	symbol	valley
Features	GEOGRAPHY			observe	port
	 Location, Order Environment, Pattern	Y1: Continents and oceans of the world, UK countries, capital cities and seas		sketch	vegetation
		<b>Y1:</b> Hot and cold climates, including the equator			

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y2	PLACE	Y1:	Europe		
	KNOWLEDGE	Continents and oceans	United Kingdom Capital cities:	urban	landmark
Unit 2		of the world	Remember countries and capital cities of		
	Location,		the UK.	sprawling	country
Compare a	Environment Culture, Connection	Y1:			
small part of	Culture, Connection	UK countries, capital	Africa	contrast	capital
the UK and a		cities and seas	Kenya and Nairobi:		
contrasting		Y1:	Where is the continent of Africa?	horizon	climate
non-European		Hot and cold climates.			
country		including the equator	Where is Kenya?	inspiring	feature
Kenya					
		Y2:	What are the physical and human	breath-taking	savanna
		Local fieldwork study	features?		
				striking	
			Where is Nairobi?		
				cityscape	
			Describe Nairobi.		
				majestic	
			Compare the human and physical	_	
			similarities and differences:	spectacular	
			How are London and Nairobi similar?		
				colossal	
			How are London and Nairobi different?	•	
				scenic	

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y2 Unit 3 Fieldwork and map skills	GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS AND FIELDWORK I Location, Environment, Pattern, Similar	<ul> <li>Y1: Our school</li> <li>Y1: Continents and oceans of the world and UK countries, capital cities and seas</li> <li>Y1: Hot and cold climates, including the equator</li> <li>Y2: Comparison study of small are and non- European location (UK and Kenya)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fieldwork, mapping and position: How do we describe places?</li> <li>Fieldwork, mapping and symbols: What physical features does this place have?</li> <li>What human features does this place have?</li> <li>Mapping and drawing: Map keys: how can we show what a place is like?</li> <li>Sketch map: how can we show what a place is like?</li> <li>Sketch map: how can we show what a place is like?</li> <li>Summary: How does the scale of map tell us what</li> </ul>	increase decrease align symbol observe sketch	aerial scale cardinal point valley port vegetation
			the area around the school is like?		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y2	PLACE	Y1:	Where?		
Unit 4	KNOWLEDGE 	Continents and oceans of the world and UK	Where are the rainforests?	remote	Stone Age
Study a small	Location, Environment	countries, capital cities and seas	What are they like?	isolated	indigenous
area of a contrasting	Culture, Remoteness	Y1:	<b>Who?</b> How do the Yanomami people live?	thrive	sustainable
non-European country		Hot and cold climates, including the equator	What is different?	magnificent	eco-system
Yanomami people of the rainforest		Y2: Y2 local fieldwork study	What is different about my location and the Yanomami?		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y3 Unit 1 Map and fieldwork skills	GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS AND FIELDWORK   Location, Scale, Proximity	Y1: Name and locate continents and oceans of the world and UK countries, capital cities and seas Y2: Y2 UK and non- European location study Y2: Y2 local area fieldwork study	compass.	compass direction north east south west north-east south-east north-west south-west	cardinal intercardinal

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y3 Unit 2 United Kingdom Study	LOCATIONAL KNOWLEDGE   Location, Order Environment, Region Landscape	Y2: Y2 local area of the school Y2: UK countries and capital cities Hot and cold location Compass field skills	<ul> <li>UK: What are the regions and countries in the UK?</li> <li>Name and locate cities and countries of the UK.</li> <li>Human and physical features: Identify geographical regions by physical and human landmarks of Scotland and England.</li> <li>Identify geographical regions by physical and human landmarks of Wales and Northern Ireland.</li> <li>Geographical patterns and explanations: What are the topical patterns in the UK?</li> <li>What can I see hear?</li> </ul>	extensive sophisticated settlement terrain wilderness barren	topography landmarks region country scale contour line

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y3 Unit 3 Revisit human and physical features	HUMAN AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY   Location, Culture Connection, Interdependence HUMAN AND <u>PHYSICAL</u> GEOGRAPHY   Location, Connection Process	Y2: Y2 local area of the school Y2: UK countries and capital cities Hot and cold location Compass field skills Geography: UK countries and cities Geographical regions Human and Physical characteristics Topographical features	<ul> <li>UK: What are the regions and countries in the UK?</li> <li>Name and locate cities and countries of the UK.</li> <li>Human and physical features: Identify geographical regions by physical and human landmarks of Scotland and England.</li> <li>Identify geographical regions by physical and human landmarks of Wales and Northern Ireland.</li> <li>Geographical patterns and explanations: What are the topical patterns in the UK?</li> <li>What can I see hear?</li> <li>Summarise, present and explain regions, countries, cities and landmarks of the UK.</li> </ul>	extensive sophisticated settlement terrain wilderness barren	topography landmarks region country scale contour line

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y3 Unit 4 OS maps and scale	GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS AND FIELDWORK I Location, Scale, Proximity	<ul> <li>Y2: Y2 local area of the school</li> <li>Y2: UK countries and capital cities Hot and cold location Compass field skills</li> <li>Y3: UK countries and cities Geographical regions Human and Physical characteristics Topographical features</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>UK: What are the regions and countries in the UK?</li> <li>Name and locate cities and countries of the UK.</li> <li>Human and physical features: Identify geographical regions by physical and human landmarks of Scotland and England.</li> <li>Identify geographical regions by physical and human landmarks of Wales and Northern Ireland.</li> <li>Geographical patterns and explanations: What are the topical patterns in the UK?</li> <li>What can I see hear?</li> <li>Summarise, present and explain regions, countries, cities and landmarks of the UK.</li> </ul>	extensive sophisticated settlement terrain wilderness barren	topography landmarks region country scale contour line

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y4	HUMAN AND	Y2:	Features of a river:		
Unit 1	PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY	Y2 Human and physical features	What are the features of a river?	raging	rivulet
		Field work skills	Local rivers:	tumble	estuary
Rivers	Location, Order, Proximity Region, Landscape, System	<b>Y2:</b> Compare small part of UK and a small part of a	What is our local river? What feature can we see?	cascading	flood plain
	Gystelli	non-European region	Where did it come from and where does it	precipice	tributary
		Y3:	flow?	iconic	confluence
		Human and Physical characteristics		turbulent	channel

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y4 Unit 2 Latitude and longitude	LOCATIONAL KNOWLEDGE	Y3: Introduce rivers Y2: Introduce and revisit UK study Y3: Fieldwork and compass	<ul> <li>Latitude and longitude: What are the lines of latitude?</li> <li>What are the lines of longitude?</li> <li>Location and physical features: How do lines of latitude and longitude tell us what the location is like?</li> <li>How can you find exact locations around the world?</li> <li>Time zones Day and night: What are the time zones and how do they affect us? How does day and night occur?</li> </ul>	co-ordinate parallel determine circumnavigate constitutes straddle	latitude longitude horizontal vertical meridian equator

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y4 Unit 3	HUMAN AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY	Y3 Science: plants	The process: What is the water cycle?	infiltrate	ground water
Water cycle	 Environment, Connection Interaction, Landscape Process, Cycle	Y4: Rivers Mapwork: 4 and 6 figure grid references	The way it works: How does the water cycle work? The things that influence it: What affects the water cycle?	sequence reoccurring (recurring)	precipitation condensation
	FIDLESS, Cycle	Y4: Latitude and Longitude		pollution	transpiration
				consequence	percolation
				permeate	evaporation

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y4	PHYSICAL	Y4:	River features:		
Unit 4	GEOGRAPHY 	Rivers Mapwork: 4 and 6 figure	Remember – what are the features of a river?	raging	rivulet
	Environment,	grid references		tumble	estuary
Rivers revisited	Connection Interaction, Landscape Process, Cycle	Y4: Latitude and Longitude	<b>River Study:</b> Where is the river Nile and what features does it have?	cascading	flood plain
		Y4:	River Study:	precipice	tributary
		Water cycle	Where is the Amazon River and what features does it have??	iconic	confluence
				turbulent	channel

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y4	GEOGRAPHICAL	Y4:	River features:		
Unit 5	SKILLS AND FIELDWORK	Rivers Mapwork: 4 and 6	Remember – what are the features of a river?	raging	rivulet
		figure grid references		tumble	estuary
Fieldwork and	Location, Scale,		River Study:		
mapping	Proximity	Y4: Latitude and Longitude	Where is the river Nile and what features does it have?	cascading	flood plain
		Y4:		precipice	tributary
		Water cycle	River Study:		
			Where is the Amazon River and what	iconic	confluence
			features does it have?		
				turbulent	channel

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concept	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y5	HUMAN AND	Y3:	Major countries and cities:		
Unit 1	PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY	UK study	Where would you find the major countries of the world?	arid	continent
		Y4:		fertile	latitudes
World countries	Location Interdependence,	Latitude and Longitude	where would you find the major office of		longitude
<ul> <li>biomes and</li> </ul>	Pattern		the world?	densely	
environments	Environment,		<b>D</b> .	<i></i>	equator
regions	Settlement		Biomes:	exceptional	h a walawa h a wa
	Economic		What is a biome? (Environmental		hemisphere
			region)	craggy	biome
			How do biomes change across the world?	scenery	biome
			Human and physical features: What are the human characteristics that define Europe, North and South America?		
			What are the physical characteristics that define Europe, North and South America?		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y5 Unit 2 4 and 6 figure grid references	GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS AND FIELDWORK   Location Absolute position Scale Settlement	Y4: Latitude and Longitude Y4: Water cycle Y4: River Study	<ul> <li>Finding locations:</li> <li>Why do we need latitude and longitude</li> <li>Finding locations precisely:</li> <li>What are 4 and 6 figure grid reference and how do we use them?</li> <li>Apply it:</li> <li>Use 4 and 6 figure grid references</li> </ul>	horizontal vertical parallel arctic Antarctic	equator Tropic of Cancer Tropic of Capricorn poles meridian line

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Name         Y5         Unit 3         World countries         – biomes and         environments         regions -         revisited	HUMAN AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY   Location Interdependence, Pattern Environment, Settlement Economic	Y3: UK study Y4: Latitude and Longitude Y5: World countries and biomes	Major countries and cities:         Where would you find the major countries of the world?         Where would you find the major cities of the world?         Biomes:         What is a biome? (Environmental region)         How do biomes change across the world?	arid fertile densely exceptional craggy scenery	continent latitudes longitude equator hemisphere biome
			Human and physical features: What are the human characteristics that define Europe, North and South America? What are the physical characteristics that define Europe, North and South America?		

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y5 Unit 4 OS maps and fieldwork	GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS AND FIELDWORK   Location, Scale, Proximity	Y4: Latitude and Longitude Y4: Water cycle Y4: River Study	<ul> <li>Finding locations:</li> <li>Why do we need latitude and longitude?</li> <li>Finding locations precisely:</li> <li>What are 4 and 6 figure grid reference and how do we use them?</li> <li>Apply it:</li> <li>Use 4 and 6 figure grid references</li> </ul>	parallel horizontal reference degrees co-ordinates intersect	latitude longitude meridian hemisphere northings eastings

equivalent contrast	orogeny glaciation
contrast	alaciation
	giaciation
erosion	temperate
inhospitable	tectonic
moderately	summit
prosper	altitude
_	prosper

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y6 Unit 2 Physical processes: earthquakes, mountains and volcanoes	HUMAN AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY I Time, Location, Process Connection, Environment System	Y4: Latitude and Longitude Y4: Water cycle Y6 History: Climate zones and biomes	The Earth's structure and tectonic plates: What makes up layers of planet Earth? What are tectonic plates and where do you find them?> How do tectonic plates move and what happens when they meet or separate? How was the Lake District formed? Earthquakes: What causes an earthquake and what is the effect? Mountains: How are mountains formed? Volcanoes: How do volcanoes work?	viscous churning buckle disaster devastation magnitude	epicentre fissure dormant magma molten mantle

Year group, Unit Title and Name	Substantive concepts	Previous Learning	Big Ideas/Key Questions/Learning Foci	Tier 2 Vocabulary	Tier 3 Vocabulary
Y6	HUMAN AND PHYSICAL	<b>Y5 History:</b> Climate zones and	Settlements:	lesstien	trada
Unit 3	GEOGRAPHY	biomes	What are settlements and where are they found?	location	trade
Cattlereaute	Location, Proximity	Y6:		resource	economy
Settlements and relationships	Landscape, Interdependence	Comparison study UK/Europe/N America	Settlement patterns: Do settlements have a pattern?	distribute	navigable
relationing	Lived space	<b>Y6:</b> Mountains, earthquakes	<b>People and economic patterns:</b> Do people, their movement and	employ	lowland
		and volcanoes	economic activity have patterns	production	migrant
				consumption	refugee

#### Long term plan

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Nur	Exploring the new classroom and outdoor environment	Noticing weather	Recognising special places in the community – eg school	Noticing weather Begin to recognise sims and diff between life in this country and other countries	Journeys – eg to school, the shops etc	Global Environmental issues – reusigng and recycling eg plastic carrier bags
Rec	Exploring the new classroom and outdoor environment and the wider school – hall, garden, astro etc	Noticing weather, climate and seasons	Recognising special places in the community – eg church	Noticing weather, climate and seasons Recognise sims and diff between life in this country and other countries (Handa's Hen)	A journey in our local environment Maps	Global Environmental issues Deforestation Global Warming Plastic pollution Recycling/ Bin – what happens to our rubbish? Recognise environments that are different to the ones in which they live.

Y1 Cusp	Unit 1 Continents and oceans /	Study hot and cold locations	Mapping and Fieldwork
16 lessons plus 2 vocab modules	countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom	6 lessons = 3 weeks	4 lessons = 2 weeks
	6 hours = 3 weeks Plus vocab module	Plus vocab module	No vocab module

Y2 Cusp	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	
18 lessons 3 vocab modules	Local Area Study Teacher to adapt for our local area. 3 lessons = 1 ½ weeks Plus vocab module	Compare a small part of the UK and a contrasting non-European country Kenya 6 lessons = 3 weeks Plus vocab module	Fieldwork and map skills 6 lessons Plus vocab module	Study a small area of a contrasting non- European country Yanomami people of the rainforest 3 lessons = 1 ½ weeks No vocab module	
Y3 Cusp 19 lessons	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	
3 vocab units	Map and fieldwork skills	United Kingdom Study	Revisit human and physical features / OS	OS maps and scale	
	3 lessons = 1 ½ weeks Plus vocab unit	6 lessons = 3 weeks Plus vocab unit	Maps and scale 4 lessons = 2	6 lessons = 3 weeks Plus vocab unit	
			weeks No vocab unit		
Y4 Cusp	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5 Rivers revisited – including Nile and
21 lessons 3 vocab modules	Rivers – Teacher adapted to focus	Latitude and longitude	Water cycle	Map skills – environmental	Amazon 3 lessons
	om local area. 3 lessons – 2 on features plus one on a local river = 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ weeks	6 lessons = 3 weeks Plus vocab module	3 lessons = 1 ½ weeks Plus Vocab module	regions 6 lessons = 3 weeks No vocab module	Pus vocab module (same as the previous one)

	Plus vocab				
	lessons				
Y5 Cusp 21 lessons	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	
1 vocab module	World countries – biomes and	4 and 6 figure grid references	World countries – biomes and	OS maps and field	work
	environments		environments	6 lessons = 3 week	S
	regions	3 lessons – 1 ½	regions –		
		weeks	revisited		
	6  lessons = 3	No vocab module			
	weeks		6  lessons = 3		
	Vocab module		weeks		
<u>) (a a</u>			No vocab module		
Y6 Cusp	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	
21 lessons				Maps and fieldwork	
2 vocab units	Comparison study	Physical	Settlements and	Maps and orienteer	
24 hours on	– UK, Europe	processes:	relationships	Location, scale, pro	
timetable so that is	North or South	earthquakes,		connection and pat	tern
fine.	America	mountains and	3 lessons = $1\frac{1}{2}$		
		volcanoes	weeks	6 lessons = 3 week	S
	6  lessons = 3	6 lessons = 3	NO VOCAB	No vocab	
	weeks	weeks			
	Plus vocab unit	Plus vocab unit			

# Geography Curriculum Coverage

	Bullet point in national curriculum, Development Matters or Early Learning Goals	Where do we cover it at SJB?
	Understand position through words alone. For example, "The bag is under the table," – with no pointing(Maths DM age 3-4)	
	Describe a familiar route (Maths DM age 3-4)	
	Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind' (Maths DM age 3-4)	
	Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. (UTW DM age 3-4)	
	Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things. (UTW DM age 3-4)	
	Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos. (UTW DM age 3-4).	
	Draw information from a simple map. (UTW Reception)	
	Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. (UTW Reception).	Coming soon
EYFS	Understand that some places are special to members of their community	
ETFS	Explore the natural world around them. (UTW Reception).	ui
	Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live. (UTW Reception).	- S
	Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. (ELG UTW PC&C).	
	Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps. (ELG UTW PC&C)	
	Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. (ELG UTW TNW)	
	Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons. (ELG UTW TNW)	

KS1	Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans	Y1 Cusp unit 1
Locational knowledge	Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas	Y1 Cusp unit 1
KS1 Place Knowledge	Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non- European country	Y2 Cusp unit 2
	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles	Y1 Cusp unit 2
KS1	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:	Y2 Cusp unit 2 & 3
Human and Physical Geography	<ul> <li>key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop</li> </ul>	
	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage	Y1 Cusp Unit 1
KS1 Geographical skills and fieldwork.	Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map	Y2 Cusp unit 3
	Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key	Y2 Cusp unit 2 & 4
	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.	Y2 Cusp unit 3

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Unit 3 locations biomes revisit	0	06/12/2023 14:32	File folder	Unit 4 maps and orienteering	0	06/12/2023 14:32	File folder	
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KS2 Locational	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities	Year 4 Unit 2 Year 5 Unit 1 and 3 Year 5 Unit 3
Knowledge	Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and	Year 3 Unit 1 Year 3 Unit 4 Year 4 Unit 1 Year 6 Unit 3

	land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)	Year 4 Unit 2 Year 5 Unit 1 and 3
KS2 Place Knowledge KS2 Human and Physical	Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America Describe and understand key aspects of:	Year 3 Unit 1 Year 3 Unit 4 Year 4 Unit 1 Year 6 Unit 3 Year 4 Unit 2 Year 4 Unit 3
Geography	<ul> <li>physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle</li> <li>human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water</li> </ul>	Year 5 Unit 3 Year 6 Unit 2
	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.	Year 3 Unit 1 and 3 Year 4 Unit 2 and 4
KS2 Geographical skills and fieldwork.	Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world	Year 3 Unit 1 and 3 Year 4 Unit 2 and 4 Year 5 Unit 2 and 4
	Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technology	Year 3 Unit 1 and 3 Year 4 Unit 2 and 4 Year 6 Unit 1 and 3