Birth to 5 Matters [Range 4 (24-36 months), Range 5 (36-48 months), Range 6 (48-60 months, 60-71 months)]

Development Matters [Birth to three, 3 and 4 year olds, Children in Reception]

National Curriculum [Year 1



EYFS Statutory Framework: The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, storytelling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

ELG: Listening, Attention and Understanding Children at the expected level of development will: - Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions; - Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding; - Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

ELG: Speaking Children at the expected level of development will: - Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary; - Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate; - Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present, and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

	<u>Preschool</u>	Nursery	Reception	KS1 Links
Listening and	 Listens with interest to the 	 Listens to others in one-to- 	 Shows variability in listening 	 Listen to and discuss
Attention	noises adults make when	one or small groups when	behaviour; may move around	a wide range of
	they read stories	conversation interests them	and fiddle but still be listening	poems, stories, and
	 Listen to simple stories and 	 Listens to familiar stories 	or sit still but not absorbed by	non-fiction at a level
	understand what	with increasing attention	<mark>activity</mark>	beyond that at which
	is happening, with the help	and recall	 May indicate two-channelled 	they can read
	of the pictures.	 Joins in with repeated 	attention, e.g., paying	independently
	 Recognises and responds to 	refrains and anticipates key	attention to something of	- Be encouraged to lin
	many familiar sounds, e.g.,	events and phrases in	interest for short or long	what they hear read
	turning to a knock on the	rhymes and stories	periods; can both listen and do	to their own
	door, looking at or going to	 Focusing attention – can still 	for short span	experiences
	the door	listen or do, but can change		 Learn to appreciate
		their own focus of attention		rhymes and poems,

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	 Shows interest in play with sounds, songs, and rhymes Single channelled attention: can shift to a different task if attention fully obtained – using child's name helps focus 	- Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story.	 Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. Learn rhymes, poems, and songs. 	and to recite some by heart Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns, and listening to what others say
Understanding	 Identifies action words by following simple instructions, e.g., Show me jumping Identify familiar objects and properties for practitioners when they are described: for example: 'Katie's coat', 'blue car', 'shiny apple'. Beginning to understand more complex sentences, e.g., Put your toys away and then sit on the carpet Understands who, what, where in simple questions (e.g. Who's that? Who can? What's that? Where is?) Developing understanding of simple concepts (e.g., fast/slow, good/bad) 	 Can follow directions (if not intently focused) Understands use of objects (e.g., Which one do we cut with?) Shows understanding of prepositions such as under, on top, behind by carrying out an action or selecting correct picture Responds to instructions with more elements, e.g., Give the big ball to me; collect up all the blocks and put them in the box Beginning to understand why and how questions 	 Understands a range of complex sentence structures including negatives, plurals, and tense markers Beginning to understand humour, e.g., nonsense rhymes, jokes Able to follow a story without pictures or props Listens and responds to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion Understands questions such as who; why; when; where and how 	 Clearly explain their understanding of what is read to them Ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge

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- Holds a conversation, jumping from topic to topic - Uses a variety of questions (e.g., what, where, who) - Uses longer sentences (e.g. Mummy gonna work)

- Beginning to use word endings (e.g. going, cats)
- Start to say how they are feeling, using words as well as actions.

- Beginning to use more complex sentences to link thoughts (e.g. using and, because)
- Use longer sentences of four to six words.
- Can retell a simple past event in correct order (e.g. went down slide, hurt finger)
- Uses talk to explain what is happening and anticipate what might happen next
- Questions why things happen and gives explanations. Asks e.g., who, what, when, how
- Beginning to use a range of tenses (e.g., play, playing, will play, played)
- Talks more extensively about things that are of particular importance to them
- Uses talk in pretending that objects stand for something else in play, e.g. This box is my castle
- Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns.
- Use talk to organise
 themselves and their play:
 "Let's go on a bus... you sit there... I'll be the driver."

- Uses language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations
- Links statements and sticks to a main theme or intention
- Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play
- Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them
- Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences.
- Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives.
- Describe events in some detail.
 Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happen.

- and participate
 actively in
 collaborative
 conversations,
 staying on topic and
 initiating and
 responding to
- Speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English

comments

 Participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations, and debates

Vocabulary	- Learns new words very	- Builds up vocabulary that	- Extends vocabulary, especially	- Discuss word
	rapidly and is able to use	reflects the breadth of their	by grouping and naming,	meanings, linking
	them in communicating	<mark>experiences</mark>	exploring the meaning and	new meanings to
			sounds of new words	those already known
			 Use new vocabulary in 	
			different contexts.	

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